- 1. Tell me whether or not the incident-management software used in your control rooms is capable of accepting advanced mobile location (AML) locations for calls received via 999.
- 1. Please see below an extract from the CAD workbook given to all new EOC starters, both call takers and clinicians for Advance Mapping Location (AML) As well as this, we deliver a PowerPoint presentation on day 2 of their CAD training on AML which can also be found below:

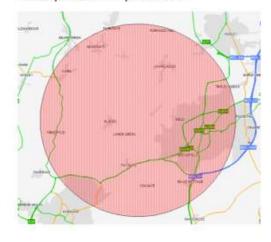
AML – Advanced Mapping Location

AML will automatically send accurate location information from a caller's phone directly to the emergency services using the mobile phones built-in GPS. AML is not an app, it does not require any action from the caller as it is built into most modern smartphones.

AML information will be provided by most modern Android/iOS mobile phones. The location provided to the Emergency Services will be as accurate as the GPS on the caller's phone. The accuracy is generally around or below 30meters but can be as low as 5 meters.

The screen shots below which have been taken from CAD show the differences in location determined by the mobile phone cell tower and a location given to us by AML.

Mobile phone radius prior to AML



Mobile phone radius with AML



When a 999 call is initially passed through from BT, we will typically receive a location with a radius of around 3000 meter which we could comfortably say that the call originated from. Whilst this may be able to help us narrow the call down to a particular town, it is not going to help us determine where the patient is any further than that. This information is generated by the closest mobile phone tower to the caller when they initiate the call. It is likely to present in the CLI box as shown below:



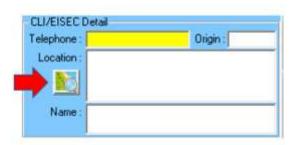
When a 999 call is made from a mobile the phones location services are automatically enabled, and this then provides a more accurate information to BT who then pass this onto SECAmb within approx. 25 seconds. The radius of location will typically be reduced to 30meters or less which gives us a much better chance of locating the patient using this method. The information in the CLI box should update to include a road name and town, as shown below:



We would only use AML as a way of locating a patient in limited circumstances such as the following:

- If the Caller is uncertain of their location
- You lose contact with the caller before you have validated the address
- You need reassurance that the call has been matched to an address in the CAD gazetteer near to the caller's location.

If you need to re-present the original AML information at any point you can click on the icon shown below. This will not alter or remove any information that you have entered.



REMEMBER if you use the AML to locate the patient you will need to re-locate your call to where the AML is showing by using **Set Location**.



Advanced Mobile Location (AML)







What is AML?

AML will automatically send accurate location information from a caller's phone directly to the emergency services using the mobile phone's built -in GPS. AML is not an app; it does not require any action from the caller as it is built into most modern smartphones.

AML information will be provided by most modern Android/ iOS mobile phones. The location provided to the emergency services will be as accurate as the GPS on the calle's phone. The accuracy is generally around or below30 meters whilst it can be up to 5 meters.











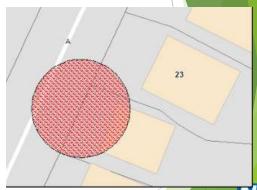




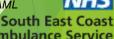
The below screenshots taken from CAD illustrates the difference between the location determined by the mobile phone cell tower and a location given to us by AML.



Mobile phone radius prior to AML



Mobile phone radius with AML

















When might be an ideal opportunity to use Advanced Mobile Location (AML)?

- > The caller is uncertain of their location.
- > The EMA loses contact before address validation has been finished.
- ➤ EOC need re-assurance that the call has been matched in the CAD gazetteer near to the caller's location.











When is AML Information available?

When a 999 call is made, the caller's mobile phone will automatically enable location services (using GPS or WiFi) and will send this information to BT. This information is delivered to SECAmb within ~25 seconds of the call being delivered to SECAmb queue. The result will be a ~3000m radius that closes to a ~30m radius in around 25 seconds

How to spot AML information

Due to taking up to 25 seconds be returned, EOC are likely to have answered before its available,

In the CLI/EISEC Detail section on the call form, it will start with limited details, then once AML has been delivered, you will normally be presented with a Road name, Town, Postcode as well as Eastings & Northings.











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Re-Presenting AML Information

All CAD users can now reshow the presented radius by clicking the new button to the left of the presented CLI/EISEC information.



This will not alter or remove any location entered by the EMA.





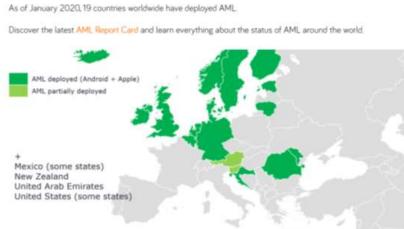








WHERE IS AML DEPLOYED?













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2. Provide copies of any instructions or guidance provided to staff in your control rooms for handling incident locations provided by callers in the form of:

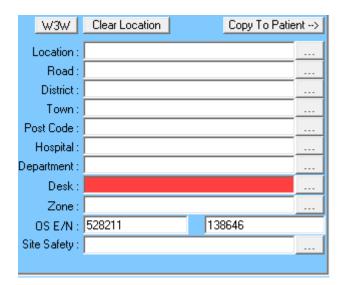
(a) Longitude and latitude coordinates.

2a) Longitude and latitude coordinates are dealt with and searched for in the same way as Easting and Northings and Landranger reference numbers. Please see 2b for further information.

(b) Ordnance Survey national grid references.

2b) Please see below an extract from the CAD workbook given to all new EOC starters, both call takers and clinicians for Eastings and Northings, Longitude and Latitude and Landranger references. Although longitude and latitude are not directly mentioned, all types of references are searched for in the same way/field. Also, please see below question 20 for the address practice exercise which includes OSE and OSN.

Grid References





- Enter the grid reference in full into the OS E/N field and then press the "Map Icon" at the side of the call taking screen. (The system may change the numbers slightly as it converts them to longitude and latitude.)
- When you have clicked on the map icon in the Live Call screen, this will identify the location on the map.

Check the location and then use the set incident location (below), if necessary, to relocate the call to the nearest access road to the patient. Free type any further directions into the Crew Notes and Save and Notify dispatch

Question 20: Enter Eastings & Northings 514101 & 153883 Where does it take you?

OSE: 1st Number OSN: 2nd Number Oakdene Close Bookham

(c) What 3 Words (W3W) locations

2c) Please see below an extract from the CAD workbook given to all new EOC starters, both call takers and clinicians for What 3 Words (W3W) As well as this, we deliver a PowerPoint presentation on day 2 of their CAD training on W3W which can also be found below along with extracts of W3W exercises.

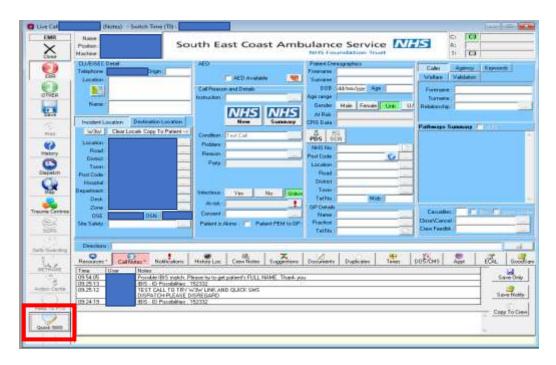
What3Words



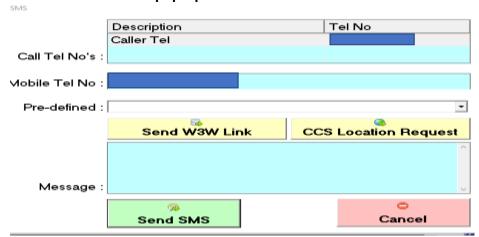
What3Words is an app where the world has been divided into 3m x 3m squares and has assigned each one unique 3-word address, this allows it to be used on mobile devices quickly to determine a user's location.

To use this function on the CAD

Click on the Quick SMS button (at the bottom left-hand side of the screen)

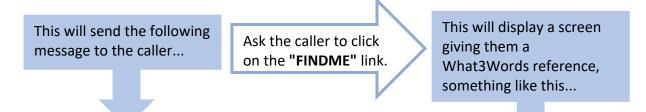


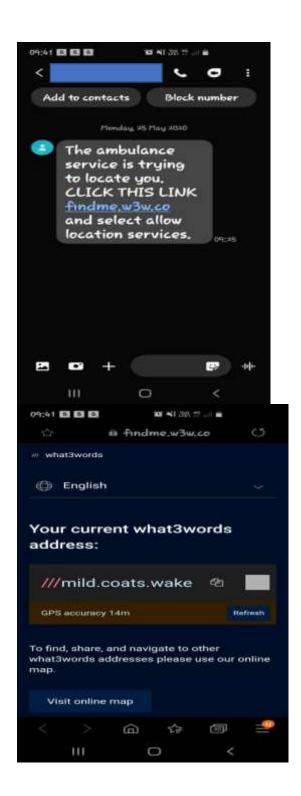
You will then see this pop-up window...



The Telephone number will be automatically populated with the caller's number, as presented by EISEC.

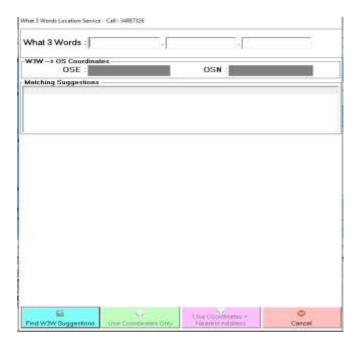
Click on SEND W3W LINK



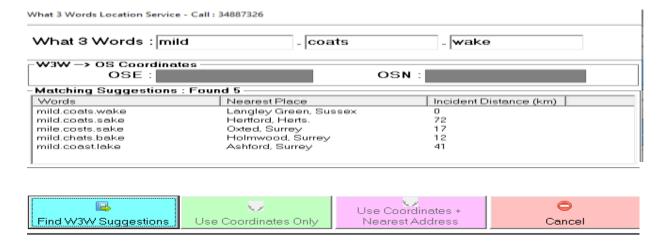


There is no need for them to download the W3W app.

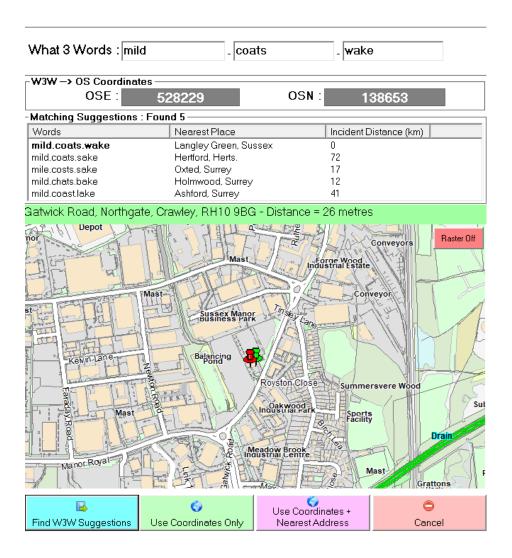
On CAD, click the new W3W button above the first address line, this will give you the following box...



Ask the caller for the 3-word reference and input it. Make sure you check the spelling. No punctuation marks are needed. Then click the button "FIND W3W SUGGESTIONS"



Double Click on the relevant location, in this case, the top option and it will show on a map...



Click "Use Coordinates + Nearest Address, then Yes and this will update CAD.

Use "MAP" button on CAD to confirm.

What 3 Words Practice Exercise



Using the W3W (what three words) functionality on the CAD, find the following locations, including identifying the Eastings & Northings:

1. Budding.Blueberry.Avocado

COXHEATH HQ EASTINGS: 574304 NORTHINGS: 151004

2. Likely.Wanted.Odds

CRAWLEY HQ EASTINGS: 528224 NORTHINGS: 138626

3. Shuts.Jukebox.Thigh

POCOHANTAS MEMORIAL

EASTINGS: 564666 NORTHINGS: 174328

4. Live.Turkey. Split

NR. RAMSGATE HARBOUR

EASTINGS: 638543 NORTHINGS: 164730

5. Bookshop.Years.Shut

BEACHY HEAD EASTINGS: 558339 NORTHINGS: 95413

6. Abstracts.Wing.Poster

ENCHANTED PLACE, 100 ACRE WOOD, WINNIE THE POOH'S HOUSE

EASTINGS: 546901 NORTHINGS: 132061





When might be an ideal opportunity to use What3Words?

When the patient is:

- ➤ In a forest or large park.
- > On a Bridleway / cross county cycle path / "In the middle of nowhere",
- > Any location, with limited landmarks,
- Anywhere where you can't find an exact match in the CAD Gazetteer.







How could using What3Words help?

The location of a patient in Preston Park, Brighton could be narrowed down from ~250m down to 3m. What3Words is useful where street addresses do not exist and provides a level of specificity when road names are not accurate enough.







How to obtain a What3Words location from a caller.

Caller should either use the What3Words App or EOC should 'Send W3W Link' from CAD 'Quick SMS' function.

Does the caller have the What3Words App?

Yes – Get them to open the app and provide their-word location.

No – send link to Callers mobile via Quick SMS















How to obtain a What3Words location from a caller.

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Yes – Get them to open the app and provide their-Sword location.

No – send link to Callers mobile via Quick SMS



How to use the Quick SMS Feature

message to. Default Caller number field on CAD, However this can amended.

Call Tel No:

Call Tel No:

Call Tel No:

O74

152

Pre-defined:

2) Click yellow button 'Send W3W Link'

Send W3W Link

CCS Location Request

Tel No

Caller Tel

O746

152

Pre-defined:

Tel No

Caller Tel

O746

Tel No

Tel No

Caller Tel

O746

Tel No

T

Message

Send SMS

3) Click green button 'Send SMS'

1) Choose phone number to send





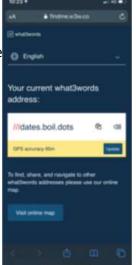
Cancel

Message being sent to the caller.

Where is the caller directed to?

Following the link will lead to a website, the user should press update on the right of the Yellow bar.

It may be helpful to also note the accuracy & the 3 words provided in the notes.



The GPS accuracy is likely to improve after a few seconds. User should provide the 3 words.













How to use a What3Word location in EOC

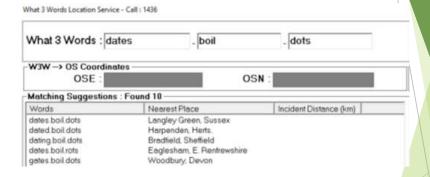
- ➤ Take the 3-word location from caller. Confirm the 3 words carefully, add to Crew Notes.
- Click 'W3W' button above the Incident Location field on the Emergency Call Handling Screen.
- This will open a pop up to enter the Three Words.

What 3 Words Location Service - Call : 1435		
What 3 Words : dates	_ boil _ dots	
-W3W -> OS Coordinates OSE :	OSN:	NHS
Matching Suggestions		uth East Coast
		NHS Foundation Trust





Click 'Find W3W Suggestions' this will return 5 suggestions.

















Double click on the result that seems to be the correct location, (i.e. in the same town/county the caller has advised. This will return a map of the

area & in a green bar the Nearest Gazetteer entry.

> Then click the 'Use CoOrdinates & Nearest Address' button. Which will move the marker to the actual what3words location.















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Any Questions?



